

TRIAL DESIGN AND PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS



N=105 PATIENTS

First-line platinum-based chemotherapy + bevacizumab (with or without primary debulking/interval debulking surgery)



79% Stage III
21% Stage IV



63% CR/NED
37% PR



49%



63%



Individualized dosing

N=82 received 200 mg due to <77 kg weight or platelet count <150,000/ μ L at baseline

N=23 received 300 mg due to \geq 77 kg weight AND platelet count \geq 150,000/ μ L at baseline



36% HR-proficient

47% HR-deficient

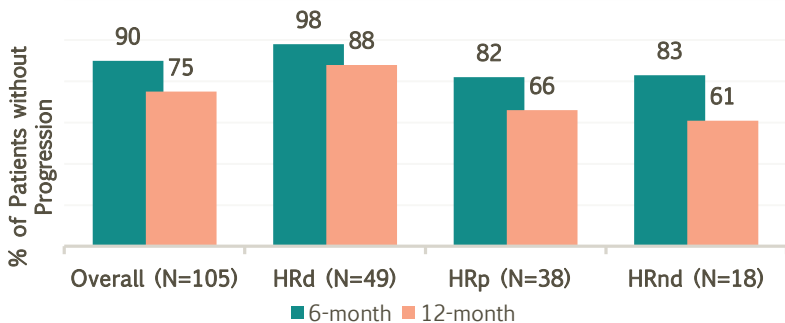
17% HR-not determined



28% BRCA-mutant
15% BRCA-wildtype

EFFICACY

Exploratory Endpoints: PFS Rate at 6 and 12 months (per investigator)



Primary Endpoint: PFS Rate at 18 months (per investigator)

Key Secondary Endpoints: OS, TFST, TSST, Safety, PROs, PFS

SAFETY (TREATMENT-RELATED TEAEs)^a

GR \geq 3	TEAEs	Treatment Discontinuation	Dose Reduction	Dose Interruption
	73% (n=77)	25% (n=26)	71% (n=75)	81% (n=85)
5 MOST COMMON GR \geq 3 TEAEs	ANEMIA ^b			HYPERTENSION 26% (n=27)
	32% (n=34)			NEUTROPENIA ^d 12% (n=13)
	THROMBOCYTOPENIA ^c			FATIGUE 9% (n=9)
	37% (n=39)			

^aTreatment-related TEAEs as assessed related to niraparib ^banemia includes hemoglobin decreased; ^cthrombocytopenia includes platelet count decreased; ^dneutropenia includes neutrophil count decreased;

PFS rate: the proportion of patients who have not progressed or died within a pre-specified timepoint after initiation of treatment
 AE: adverse event; CR: complete response; FIGO: International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics; GR: Grade; HRd: homologous recombination-deficient; HRp: homologous recombination-proficient; HRnd: homologous recombination status not determined; HTN: hypertension; NACT: neoadjuvant chemotherapy; OS: overall survival; PDS: primary debulking surgery; PFS: progression-free survival; PR: partial response; PRO: patient-reported outcome; TEAE: treatment-emergent adverse events; TFST: time to first subsequent treatment; TSST: time to second subsequent treatment

For the full medical information letter, [click here](#) or scan the QR code.

References: Hardesty et al., Phase 2 OVARIO Study of Niraparib + Bevacizumab Therapy in Advanced Ovarian Cancer Following Front-Line Platinum-Based Chemotherapy With Bevacizumab. SGO 2020 Webinar Series #6.

